running for the nomination or as a candidate for election to partisan political office.

Example 3: An employee may print at her own expense one thousand fliers which state her personal opinion that a partisan political candidate is the best suited for the job. She may distribute the fliers at a shopping mall on the weekend. However, she may not distribute fliers printed by the candidate's campaign committee, a political party, or a partisan political group.

Example 4: An employee may place in his or her yard a sign supporting a candidate for

partisan political office.

Example 5: An employee may stand outside of a political party convention with a homemade sign which states his or her individual opinion that one of the candidates for nomination is the best qualified candidate.

Example 6: An employee, including a career SES employee, may wear a button with a partisan political theme when the employee is not on duty or at his or her place of work.

[59 FR 48769, Sept. 23, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 35101, July 5, 1996]

§ 734.403 Participation in elections.

Each employee covered under this subpart retains the right to:

- (a) Register and vote in any election;
- (b) Take an active part, as a candidate or in support of a candidate, in a nonpartisan election; and
- (c) Serve as an election judge or clerk, or in a similar position, to perform nonpartisan duties as prescribed by State or local law.

§734.404 Participation in political organizations.

- (a) Each employee covered under this subpart retains the right to:
- (I) Participate in the nonpartisan activities of a civic, community, social, labor, or professional organization, or of a similar organization;
- (2) Be a member of a political party or other partisan political group and participate in its activities to the extent consistent with other Federal law;
- (3) Attend a political convention, rally, fund-raising function, or other political gathering; and
- (4) Make a financial contribution to a political party, partisan political group, or to the campaign committee of a candidate for partisan political office.
- (b) Subject to the provisions in §734.406, an employee covered under this subpart may make a financial contribution to a political action com-

mittee through a voluntary allotment made under §550.311(b) of this chapter if the head of the employee's agency permits agency employees to make such allotments to political action committees.

(c) An employee who is covered under this subpart and is a payroll official in an agency where employees are permitted to make allotments to political action committees may process the completed direct deposit forms for voluntary allotments which have been made to such committees under \$550.311(b) of this chapter.

Example 1: An employee, or a noncareer SES employee who is subject to subpart D of part 734, may attend a political convention or rally solely as a spectator. However, the employee and noncareer SES employee may not participate in demonstrations or parades which are sponsored by a political party, a partisan political group, or an individual who is running for nomination to be a candidate for partisan political office.

Example 2: An employee may attend a political party's annual barbecue, but he or she may not organize, distribute invitations to, or sell tickets to the barbecue.

Example 3: An employee who desires to contribute to a political action committee through an allotment personally may obtain blank direct deposit forms from his or her payroll office. The employee may not complete the direct deposit form while he or she is on duty, on Federal property, or in a Federally owned or leased vehicle. The employee also may not personally deliver his or her completed direct deposit form, or the completed direct deposit form of another employee, to his or her payroll office. However, the employee may mail the completed form to his or her agency payroll office.

[61 FR 35101, July 5, 1996]

§ 734.405 Campaigning for a spouse or family member.

An employee covered under this subpart who is the spouse or family member of either a candidate for partisan political office, or a candidate for political party office, may appear in photographs of the candidate's family which might appear in a political advertisement, a broadcast, campaign literature, or similar material. A spouse or a family member who is covered by the Hatch Act Reform Amendments also may attend political functions with the candidate. However, the